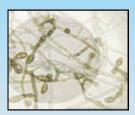
## TREMEX TERMITE & PEST CONTROL, INC 2414-A Clements Ferry Road Wando, SC 29492 843-849-8994 (The Mold Master)

Airborne mycotoxins can definitely destroy one's health. Sometimes, people are unaware that they are breathing mold spores and mycotoxins until they are very sick. Certain people have a minor allergic reaction to the non-toxic mold but once they leave the affected area, they most likely recover with few serious side effects. However, if they have been exposed to the dangerous molds such as Stachybotrys or Chaetomium, they could suffer from a myriad of symptoms and illnesses such as bronchitis, learning disabilities, mental deficiencies, heart problems, cancer, multiple, chronic fatigue, lupus, fibromyalgia, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple chemical sensitivity, bleeding lungs and much more.









Tremex is currently taking appointments for mold inspection and mold treatments. Call or email us for your appointment today at 843-849-8994 or <a href="mailto:tremex2@aol.com">tremex2@aol.com</a>



Black mold is as harmful for your pet's body as it is for your own. Symptoms of mold exposure in your pet include scratching themselves and chewing on their skin for no apparent reason, loss of appetite, unusually lethargic, breathing difficulties, sneezing and coughing, and even bleeding from the nose are also common symptoms in worst cases of mold exposure.

The most dangerous mold strains are: Chaetomium (pronounced Kay-toe-MEE-yum) I Stachybotrys chartarum (pronounced Stack-ee-BOT-ris Shar-TARum) as they have been proven to produce demylenating mycotoxins among others, meaning they can lead to autoimmune disease. Under certain growth and environmental conditions, both of these fungi release toxic, microscopic spores and several types of mycotoxins that can cause the worst symptoms which are usually irreversible such as neurological and immunological damage. Some of these natural mycotoxins include a very strong class as trichothecenes. Trichothecenes are also produced by several common molds including species in the genera Acremonium, Cylindrocarpon, Dendrodochium, ecium, Trichoderma, and Trichothecium. The trichothecenes are potent inhibitors of DNA, RNA and protein synthesis, and have been well studied in animal models because of concern about their potential misuse as agents of biological warfare, due to their ability to destroy human health (mentally and physically), and never appear in an autopsy.



